

Assignment 7

- 1) Let $\rho_i: G \rightarrow \text{End}(V_i)$, $\theta_i: H \rightarrow \text{End}(W_i)$ be representations for $i \in \{1, 2\}$ and $H \subseteq G$,

If each ρ_i is induced by θ_i , then for C a set of coset representatives of H in G ,

$$V_i = \bigoplus_{c \in C} c \cdot W_i$$

$$\text{Thus } V_1 \oplus V_2 = \bigoplus_{c \in C} c \cdot W_1 \oplus \bigoplus_{c \in C} c \cdot W_2 \approx \bigoplus_{c \in C} c \cdot (W_1 \oplus W_2)$$

Thus $\rho_1 \oplus \rho_2$ is induced by $\theta_1 \oplus \theta_2$.

$$\begin{aligned} 2) \quad \sigma_i \sigma_{i+1} \sigma_i^{-1} &= (\sigma_{i+1}^{-1} \sigma_{i+1}) \sigma_i \sigma_{i+1} \sigma_i^{-1} = \sigma_{i+1}^{-1} (\sigma_{i+1} \sigma_i \sigma_{i+1}) \sigma_i^{-1} \\ &= \sigma_{i+1}^{-1} (\sigma_i \sigma_{i+1} \sigma_i) \sigma_i^{-1} = \sigma_{i+1}^{-1} \sigma_i \sigma_{i+1} (\sigma_i \sigma_i^{-1}) = \sigma_{i+1}^{-1} \sigma_i \sigma_{i+1} \end{aligned}$$

- 3) let $\tau_n: B_n \rightarrow B_{n+1}$ be "inclusion" by adding a strand on the left, i.e. $\sigma_i \rightarrow \sigma_{i+1}$.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{If } j > 1, \quad \sigma_j \Delta_n &= \sigma_j \tau_n(\Delta_{n-1}) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \\ &= \tau_n(\sigma_{j-1} \Delta_{n-1}) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \\ &= \tau_n(\Delta_{n-1} \sigma_{n-j}) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \\ &= \tau_n(\Delta_{n-1}) \sigma_{n-j+1} \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \\ &= \tau_n(\Delta_{n-1}) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-j+1} \sigma_{n-j+1} \sigma_{n-j} \sigma_{n-j+1} \sigma_{n-j+2} \dots \sigma_{n-1} \\ &= \tau_n(\Delta_{n-1}) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-j+1} (\sigma_{n-j} \sigma_{n-j+1} \sigma_{n-j}) \sigma_{n-j+2} \dots \sigma_{n-1} \\ &= \tau_n(\Delta_{n-1}) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \sigma_{n-j} = \Delta_n \sigma_{n-j} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{If } j=1, \quad \sigma_1 \Delta_n &= \sigma_1 \tau_n(\Delta_{n-1}) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \\ &= \sigma_1 \tau_n(\tau_n(\Delta_{n-2}) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-2}) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \\ &= \sigma_1 \tau_n(\tau_n(\tau_n(\Delta_{n-3}) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-3})) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{far commutativity on } \sigma_1, \tau_n(\tau_{n-1}(\Delta_{n-2})) \\
& = \tau_n(\tau_{n-1}(\Delta_{n-2})) \sigma_1 \sigma_2 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \\
& = \tau_n(\tau_{n-1}(\Delta_{n-2})) \sigma_1 \sigma_2 \sigma_1 \sigma_3 \sigma_2 \sigma_4 \sigma_3 \dots \sigma_{n-3} \sigma_{n-1} \sigma_{n-2} \sigma_{n-1} \\
& \quad \text{(by applications of far commutativity)} \\
& = \tau_n(\tau_{n-1}(\Delta_{n-2})) \sigma_2 \sigma_1 \sigma_3 \sigma_2 \sigma_4 \sigma_3 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \sigma_{n-2} \sigma_{n-1} \sigma_{n-1} \\
& \quad \text{(by a "wave" of R-II moves)} \\
& = \tau_n(\tau_{n-1}(\Delta_{n-2})) \sigma_2 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \sigma_{n-1} \\
& \quad \text{(by far comm.)} \\
& = \tau_n(\tau_{n-1}(\Delta_{n-2}) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-2}) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \sigma_{n-1} \\
& = \tau_n(\Delta_{n-1}) \sigma_1 \dots \sigma_{n-1} \sigma_{n-1} \\
& = \Delta_n \sigma_{n-1}.
\end{aligned}$$